



$$\hat{U}_{ss} = 20V$$

$$\hat{U}_s = 10V$$

$$U_{eff} = \hat{U}_s \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$U_{eff} = 10V \cdot 0,707$$

$$U_{eff} = \underline{\underline{7,07V}}$$

1) Strom ausrechnen

$$I = \frac{U}{R}$$

$$I = \frac{7,07V}{600\Omega}$$

$$I = \underline{\underline{0,011A}}$$

2) Spannungsabfall am Widerstand R_i ausrechnen.

~~$U_{ri} = 10V - 7,07V = 2,93V$~~

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$$U_{ri} = \hat{U}_s - U_{eff}$$

$$U_{ri} = 10V - 7,07V = \underline{\underline{2,93V}}$$

$$U_{ri} = \underline{\underline{2,93V}}$$

3) R_i ausrechnen

$$R_i = \frac{U_{ri}}{I}$$

$$R_i = \frac{2,93V}{0,011A} = \underline{\underline{266,36\Omega}}$$

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